	SAFETY DATA SHEET 🛛 🚺 👔 🗨 🚺					
	according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended					
		NEXLER ST	YROPUK DACH	l		
Creati	ion date 2	7th November 2023				
Revisi	ion date		Version	1.0		
SECT	ION 1: Identification of t	he substance/mixture a	nd of the company/u	ndertaking		
1.1.	Product identifier		NEXLER STYROP	UK DACH		
	Substance / mixture		mixture			
	UFI		DCU1-10RV-300	X-QMUW		
1.2.		es of the substance or m	ixture and uses advis	ed against		
	Mixture's intended use					
	In construction - polyurethane adhesive in the version with a pistol applicator, intended for fixing expanded polystyrene (EPS) and extruded polystyrene (XPS) panels to the surface of flat roofs when performing thermal insulation of roofs.					
	Main intended use					
	PC-ADH-2 Adhesives and sealants - building and construction works (except cement based adhesives)					
	Mixture uses advised a	against				
	The product should not b	e used in ways other than	those referred in Section	n 1.		
1.3.	Details of the supplier	of the safety data sheet				
	Supplier					
	Name or trade nan	ne	NEXLER sp. z o.o	Э.		
	Address		Łużycka 6, Gdyn	ia, 81-537		
			Poland			
	Identification numb	per (CRN)	191528483			
	VAT Reg No		PL5862073821			
	Phone		+48 58 781 45 8	35		
	E-mail		info@nexler.com	1		
	Web address		www.nexler.com	1		
	Competent person res	ponsible for the safety d				
	Name		NEXLER sp. z o.o			
	E-mail		info@nexler.com	1		
1.4.	Emergency telephone					
	National Health Service ( National poisoning inform	NHS) 111 nation centre Scotland, NHS	5 24: 111			

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

### Classification of the mixture in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 The mixture is classified as dangerous.

Aerosol 1, H229, H222 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 STOT SE 3, H335 Carc. 2, H351 Lact., H362 STOT RE 2, H373 (the respiratory system) (inhalation) Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

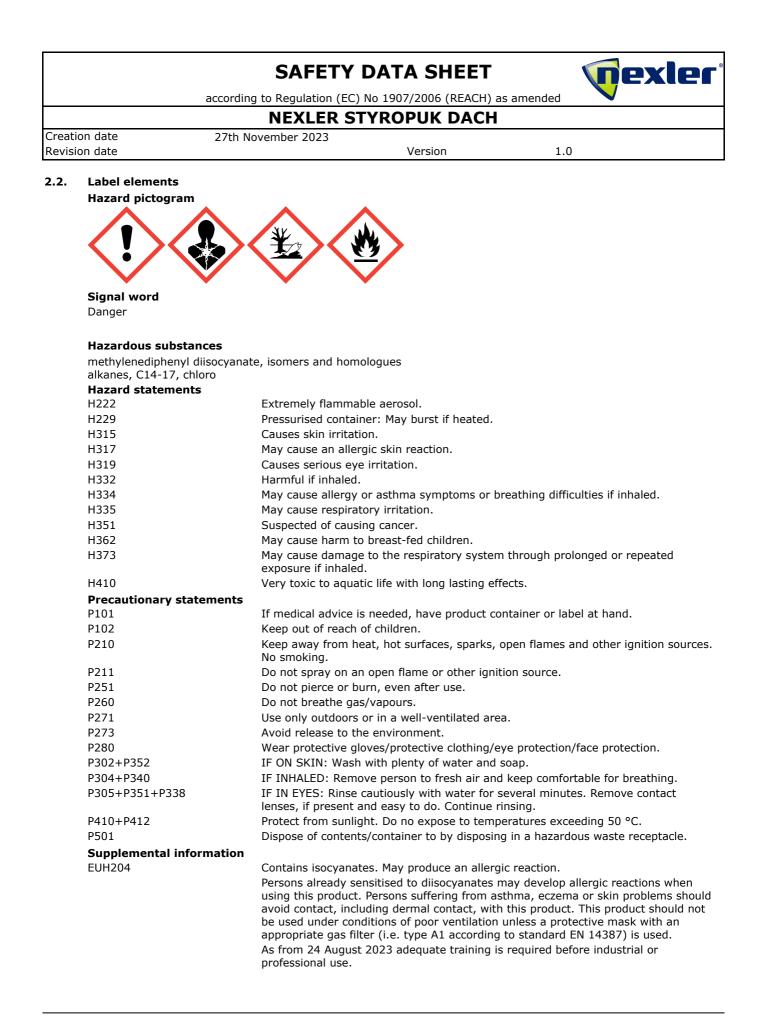
Full text of all classifications and hazard statements is given in the section 16.

#### Most serious adverse physico-chemical effects

Pressurised container: May burst if heated. Extremely flammable aerosol.

#### Most serious adverse effects on human health and the environment

Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Suspected of causing cancer. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause harm to breast-fed children. Harmful if inhaled. May cause damage to the respiratory system through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled. Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.





according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended

## **NEXLER STYROPUK DACH**

Creation date Revision date 27th November 2023

Version

1.0

### Requirements for child-resistant fastenings and tactile warning of danger

Container must carry a tactile warning of danger.

### 2.3. Other hazards

The mixture does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605. Mixture does contain any substance meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB in accordance with Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended.

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

# Mixture contains these hazardous substances and substances with the highest permissible concentration in the working environment

Identification numbers	Identification numbers Substance name		Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	Note
CAS: 9016-87-9 Registration number: - [REACH art. 2 (9)]	methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, isomers and homologues	40-50	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 STOT SE 3, H335 Carc. 2, H351 STOT RE 2, H373 (the respiratory system) (inhalation) Specific concentration limit: Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; STOT SE 3, H335: $C \ge 5$ % Resp. Sens. 1, H334: $C \ge 0.1$ %	3, 6
Index: 603-019-00-8 CAS: 115-10-6 EC: 204-065-8 Registration number: 01-2119472128-37	dimethyl ether	<12	Flam. Gas 1, H220 Press. Gas (liquefied gas), H280	1, 2
CAS: 13674-84-5 EC: 237-158-7 Registration number: 01-2119486772-26	tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate	<10	Acute Tox. 4, H302	
Index: 602-095-00-X CAS: 85535-85-9 EC: 287-477-0 Registration number: 01-2119519269-33	alkanes, C14-17, chloro	<8	Lact., H362 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=10) EUH066	4, 5, 7
Index: 601-004-00-0 CAS: 106-97-8 EC: 203-448-7 Registration number: 01-2119474691-32	butane	4	Flam. Gas 1, H220 Press. Gas (liquefied gas), H280	1, 2
Index: 601-004-00-0 CAS: 75-28-5 EC: 200-857-2 Registration number: 01-2119485395-27	isobutane	3	Flam. Gas 1, H220 Press. Gas (liquefied gas), H280	1
Index: 601-003-00-5 CAS: 74-98-6 EC: 200-827-9 Registration number: 01-2119486944-21	propane	3	Flam. Gas 1, H220 Press. Gas (liquefied gas), H280	1



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended

## **NEXLER STYROPUK DACH**

Creation date	27th November 2023		
Revision date		Version	1.0

#### Notes

1 Note U (Table 3): When put on the market gases have to be classified as "Gases under pressure", in one of the groups compressed gas, liquefied gas, refrigerated liquefied gas or dissolved gas. The group depends on the physical state in which the gas is packaged and therefore has to be assigned case by case. The following codes are assigned:

Press. Gas (Comp.) Press. Gas (Liq.) Press. Gas (Ref. Liq.) Press. Gas (Diss.)

Aerosols shall not be classified as gases under pressure (See Annex I, Part 2, Section 2.3.2.1, Note 2).

- 2 A substance for which exposure limits are set.
- 3 Substance for which biological limit values exist.
- 4 Substance of very high concern SVHC.
- 5 Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic or very persistent and very bioaccumulative
- 6 The use of the substance is restricted by Annex XVII of REACH Regulation
- 7 Substance of unknown or variable composition, complex reaction products or biological materials UVCB.

Full text of all classifications and hazard statements is given in the section 16.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

If any health problems are manifested or if in doubt, inform a doctor and show him information from this safety data sheet.

#### If inhaled

Terminate the exposure immediately; move the affected person to fresh air. Protect the person against growing cold. Provide medical treatment if irritation, dyspnoea or other symptoms persist.

## If on skin

Remove contaminated clothes. Wash the affected area with plenty of water, lukewarm if possible.

#### If in eyes

Rinse eyes immediately with a flow of running water, open the eyelids (also using force if needed); remove contact lenses immediately if worn by the affected person. Rinsing should continue at least for 10 minutes. Provide medical treatment, specialized if possible.

#### If swallowed

DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING! Rinse out the mouth with clean water. Provide medical treatment.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### If inhaled

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.

If on skin May cause an allergic skin reaction. If in eyes Causes serious eye irritation.

If swallowed

Irritation, nausea.

# **4.3.** Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Symptomatic treatment.

#### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.1. Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, powder, water spray jet, water mist. **Unsuitable extinguishing media** Water - full jet.



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended

## **NEXLER STYROPUK DACH**

Creation date Revision date

Version

1.0

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

27th November 2023

Extremely flammable product, in the event of fire it may emit dangerous gases: nitrogen oxides, carbon monoxide, isocyanates and trace amounts of cyanides may be formed. Inhalation of hazardous degradation (pyrolysis) products may cause serious health damage. In the event of an ambient fire, there is a risk of pressure build-up and containers bursting.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) with a chemical protection suit only where personal (close) contact is likely. Use a self-contained breathing apparatus and full-body protective clothing. Closed containers with the product near the fire should be cooled with water. Do not allow run-off of contaminated fire extinguishing material to enter drains or surface and ground water.

#### **SECTION 6:** Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Provide sufficient ventilation. Pressurised container: May burst if heated. Extremely flammable aerosol. Remove all ignition sources. Use personal protective equipment for work. Follow the instructions in the Sections 7 and 8. Do not inhale aerosols. Prevent contact with skin and eyes.

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent contamination of the soil and entering surface or ground water. Do not allow to enter drains.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Spilled product should be covered with suitable (non-flammable) absorbing material (sand, diatomaceous earth, earth and other suitable absorption materials); to be contained in well closed containers and removed as per the Section 13. In the event of leakage of the substantial amount of the product, inform fire brigade and other competent bodies. After removal of the product, wash the contaminated site with plenty of water.

# 6.4. Reference to other sections

See the Section 7, 8 and 13.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Prevent formation of gases and vapours in flammable or explosive concentrations and concentrations exceeding the occupational exposure limits. The product should be used only in the areas where it is not in contact with open fire and other ignition sources. Use non-sparking tools. Use of antistatic clothes and footwear is recommended. Do not inhale aerosols. Prevent contact with skin and eyes. No smoking. Protect against direct sunlight. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Obtain special instructions before use. Wash hands and exposed parts of the body thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Use personal protective equipment as per Section 8. Observe valid legal regulations on safety and health protection. Avoid release to the environment.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in tightly closed containers in cold, dry and well ventilated areas designated for this purpose. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C.

# 7.3. Specific end use(s)

not available

#### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

The mixture contains substances for which occupational exposure limits are set.

United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)		
Substance name (component)	Туре	Value	
	WEL 8h	766 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
dimethyl other (CAS, 115, 10, 6)	WEL 8h	400 ppm	
dimethyl ether (CAS: 115-10-6)	WEL 15mi	n 958 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	WEL 15mi	n 500 ppm	
	WEL 8h	1450 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
butane (CAS: 106-97-8)	WEL 8h	600 ppm	
	WEL 15mi	n 1810 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended

# **NEXLER STYROPUK DACH**

Creation date Revision date 27th November 2023

Version

1.0

## United Kingdom EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)

Substance name (component)	Туре	Value
butane (CAS: 106-97-8)	WEL 15min	750 ppm

#### **Biological limit values**

#### **United Kingdom**

## EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth \_\_\_\_\_\_Edition 2020)

Name	Parameter	Value	Tested material	Time of sampling
methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, isomers and homologues (CAS: 9016-87-9)	isocyanate-derived diamine	1 µmol/mol creatinine	Urine	End of exposure or end of shift

### DNEL

alkanes, C14-17	alkanes, C14-17, chloro						
Workers / consumers	Route of exposure	Value	Effect	Value determination	Source		
Consumers	Dermal	28.75 mg/kg bw/day	Chronic effects systemic				
Consumers	Inhalation	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Chronic effects systemic				
Workers	Dermal	47.9 mg/kg bw/day	Chronic effects systemic				
Workers	Inhalation	6.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Chronic effects systemic				
Consumers	Oral	0.58 mg/kg bw/day	Chronic effects systemic				

tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate							
Workers / consumers	Route of exposure	Value	Effect	Value determination	Source		
Consumers	Dermal	4 mg/kg bw/day	Acute effects systemic				
Consumers	Inhalation	43 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Acute effects systemic				
Consumers	Dermal	1.04 mg/kg bw/day	Chronic effects systemic				
Consumers	Inhalation	0.52 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Chronic effects systemic				
Consumers	Oral	0.52 mg/kg bw/day	Chronic effects systemic				

#### PNEC

alkanes, C14-17, chloro	alkanes, C14-17, chloro						
Route of exposure	Value	Value determination	Source				
Marine water	0.2 µg/l						
Microorganisms in sewage treatment	80 mg/l						
Freshwater sediment	13 mg/kg of dry substance of sediment						
Sea sediments	2.6 mg/kg of dry substance of sediment						



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended

## **NEXLER STYROPUK DACH**

Creation date Revision date 27th November 2023

Version

1.0

alkanes, C14-17, chloro					
Route of exposure	Value	Value determination	Source		
Soil (agricultural)	11.9 mg/kg of dry substance of soil				
Drinking water	1 µg/l				
Food chain	10 mg/kg of food				
tris(2-chloro-1-meth	ylethyl) phosphate				
Route of exposure	Value	Value determination	Source		
Drinking water	0.64 mg/l				
Marina water	0.064 mg/l				

Marine water	0.064 mg/l	
Water (intermittent release)	0.51 mg/l	
Freshwater sediment	13.4 mg/kg of dry substance of sediment	
Sea sediments	1.34 mg/kg of dry substance of sediment	
Soil (agricultural)	1.7 mg/kg of dry substance of soil	
Microorganisms in sewage treatment	7.84 mg/l	
Food chain	<11.6 mg/kg of food	

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Follow the usual measures intended for health protection at work and especially for good ventilation. This can be achieved only by local suction or efficient general ventilation. If exposure limits cannot be observed in this mode, suitable protection of airways must be used. Do not eat, drink and smoke during work. Wash your hands thoroughly with water and soap after work and before breaks for a meal and rest.

#### Eye/face protection

Protective goggles.

### Skin protection

Hand protection: Protective gloves resistant to the product. When choosing appropriate thickness, material and permeability of the gloves, observe recommendations of their particular manufacturer. Observe other recommendations of the manufacturer. Other protection: protective workwear. Contaminated skin should be washed thoroughly.

#### **Respiratory protection**

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

**Thermal hazard** 

Data not available.

### Environmental exposure controls

Observe usual measures for protection of the environment, see Section 6.2. Collect spillage.

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

# 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	liquid
Colour	yellow
Odour	characteristic
Melting point/freezing point	not applicable
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	not applicable
Flammability	inflammable
Lower and upper explosion limit	



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended

## **NEXLER STYROPUK DACH**

Creation date 27th November 2023	
Revision date	Version 1.0
bottom	1.5 %
upper	10.9 %
Flash point	not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature	not applicable
dimethyl ether (CAS: 115-10-6)	226 °C
Decomposition temperature	not applicable
рН	reacts with water
Kinematic viscosity	not applicable
Solubility in water	reacts with water
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	does not apply to mixtures
Vapour pressure	1200-7500 hPa at 20 °C
Density and/or relative density	
Density	1.2 g/cm <sup>3</sup> at 20 °C
Relative vapour density	>1
Particle characteristics	applies to solids
9.2. Other information	
not available	

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1. Reactivity

Reacts with nucleophiles (amines, alcohols, water, etc.)

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable under normal conditions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reacts exothermically with amines and alcohols, releasing CO2 with water, which may cause pressure increase in closed containers and their bursting.

# **10.4.** Conditions to avoid

The product is stable and no degradation occurs under normal use. Protect against flames, sparks, overheating and against frost. Pressurised container: May burst if heated. Avoid direct sunlight and moisture.

## 10.5. Incompatible materials

Protect against strong acids, bases and oxidizing agents.

**10.6. Hazardous decomposition products** Not developed under normal uses.

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Inhalation of solvent vapors above values exceeding exposure limits for working environment may result in acute inhalation poisoning, depending on the level of concentration and exposure time. No toxicological data is available for the mixture.

#### Acute toxicity

Harmful if inhaled.

alkanes, C14-17, chloro								
Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Sex		
Oral	LD₅o		>4000 mg/kg bw		Rat (Rattus norvegicus)	F/M		
methylenediphen	methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, isomers and homologues							
Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure	Species	Sex		

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Sex
Oral	LD50	OECD 401	>2000 mg/kg bw		Rat (Rattus norvegicus)	F/M
Dermal	LD50	OECD 402	>9400 mg/kg bw		Rat (Rattus norvegicus)	F/M



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended

## **NEXLER STYROPUK DACH**

Creation date Revision date 27th November 2023

Version

1.0

# methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Sex
Inhalation	LC50	OECD 403	0.31 mg/l of air	4 hours	Rat (Rattus norvegicus)	F/M

## tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Sex
Oral	LD50		630-2000 mg/kg bw		Rat (Rattus norvegicus)	
Inhalation	LC₅o		>7 mg/l	4 hours	Rat (Rattus norvegicus)	
Dermal	LD50		>2000 mg/kg bw		Rat (Rattus norvegicus)	

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

alkanes, C14-17, chloro							
Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Species			
Dermal	Slightly irritating	OECD 404	4 hours	Rabbit			
methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, isomers and homologues							
methylenedipheny	vl diisocyanate, isome	rs and homologue	S				
Route of exposure	Result	rs and homologue	<b>s</b> Exposure time	Species			

## Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

alkanes, C14-17, chloro							
Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Species			
Eye	Slightly irritating			Rabbit			
methylenedipheny	ıl diisocyanate, isome	rs and homologue	S				
Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Species			

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

methylenediphen	nethylenediphenyl diisocyanate, isomers and homologues								
Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Species	Sex				
Dermal	Sensitizing	OECD 429		Mouse					
Inhalation	Sensitizing			Guinea-pig (Cavia aperea f. porcellus)	F				

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on the available data, the criteria for classification of the mixture are not met.



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended

## **NEXLER STYROPUK DACH**

Creation date Revision date 27th November 2023

Version

1.0

#### Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer.

methylenedip	methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, isomers and homologues								
Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Result	Species	Sex		
Inhalation (aerosols)		OECD 453	6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	2 years	Tumor formation	Rat (Rattus norvegicus)	F/M		

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

May cause harm to breast-fed children.

### Toxicity for specific target organ - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

methylenedipheny	methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, isomers and homologues							
Route of exposure	Parameter	Value	Result	Species	Sex			
Inhalation			Irritating					

### Toxicity for specific target organ - repeated exposure

May cause damage to the respiratory system through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

alkanes, C14-17, chloro									
Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Result	Species	Sex		
Oral	NOAEL	OECD 408	23 mg/kg bw/day	13 weeks	Systemic effects	Rat (Rattus norvegicus)	F/M		
methylened	diphenyl diisoo	yanate, isom	ers and homo	logues					
Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Result	Species	Sex		
Inhalation					Causes damage				

#### Repeated dose toxicity

methylenedip	methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, isomers and homologues										
Route of exposure	Parameter	Result	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Sex				
Inhalation (aerosols)	LOAEC	Local effects	OECD 453	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	2 years	Rat (Rattus norvegicus)	F/M				
Inhalation (aerosols)	NOAEC	Local effects	OECD 453	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	2 years	Rat (Rattus norvegicus)	F/M				

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Based on the available data, the criteria for classification of the mixture are not met.

#### 11.2. Information on other hazards

The mixture does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended

# **NEXLER STYROPUK DACH**

Creation date Revision date 27th November 2023

Version

1.0

Acute toxicity

alkanes, C1	alkanes, C14-17, chloro					
Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Environme nt	Value determination
EC50	OECD 202	5.9 µg/l	48 hours	Aquatic invertebrates (Daphnia magna)		
LC50	OECD 203	>10000 mg/l	96 hours	Fish (Alburnus alburnus)		
EC50	OECD 201	>3.2 mg/l	96 hours	Algae (Raphidocelis subcapitata)		
NOEC	OECD 201	0.1 mg/l	96 hours	Algae (Raphidocelis subcapitata)		
NOEC	OECD 209	>2000 mg/l	3 hours	Aquatic microorganisms	Activated sludge	

methylened	methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, isomers and homologues					
Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Environme nt	Value determination
EL 50	OECD 209	>1000 mg/l	3 hours	Aquatic microorganisms	Activated sludge	
EC₅o	OECD 207	>1000 mg/kg of dry substance of soil		Invertebrates (Eisenia fetida)		
LL 50	OECD 203	>100 mg/l	96 hours	Fish (Danio rerio)		
EL 50	OECD 202	3.7 mg/l	48 hours	Aquatic invertebrates (Daphnia magna)		Read-across
EL 50	OECD 201	>100 mg/l	72 hours	Algae (Desmodesmus subspicatus)		

tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate						
Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Environme nt	Value determination
LC50		56.2 mg/l	96 hours	Fish		
EC₅o		131 mg/l	48 hours	Aquatic invertebrates (Daphnia magna)		
EC50		47 mg/l	96 hours	Algae		
EC50		82 mg/l	72 hours	Algae		

## **Chronic toxicity**

alkanes, C14-17, chloro					
Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Environmen t
NOEC	OECD 204	4.5 mg/l	60 days	Fish (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	
NOEC	OECD 202	8.7 μg/l	21 days	Aquatic invertebrates (Daphnia magna)	

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

The product is partially biodegradable.



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended

## **NEXLER STYROPUK DACH**

Creation date Revision date 27th November 2023

Version

1.0

#### Biodegradability

alkanes, C14-17, chloro					
Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Environment	Result
	OECD 301D	27 %	28 days		Hardly biodegradable

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation is not expected.

alkanes, C14	-17, chloro					
Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Environment	Temperature [°C]
Log Pow		5.47≤≤8.01				
methylenedi	nhenyl diisocy	anate, isomers a	nd homologues			
meenyneneu	prietty: anoses,	anato, isomers a	na nomorogues			
					1	1
Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Environment	Temperature [°C]

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

The product is insoluble in water and does not show mobility in soil.

alkanes, C14-17, chloro				
Parameter	Value	Environment	Temperature	Value determination
Log Koc	5.77			QSAR

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Based on Decision D(2021)4569-DC, chloroalkanes, C14-17 are assigned PBT and vPvB properties.

#### **12.6.** Endocrine disrupting properties

The mixture does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605.

#### 12.7. Other adverse effects

Data not available.

#### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Danger of environmental contamination, follow the applicable waste disposal regulations. Store unused product and contaminated packaging in closed containers for waste collection and hand over for disposal to a specialized company authorized to conduct such activity. Do not pour unused product into drains. It must not be disposed of together with municipal waste. Empty packaging can be used for energy in a waste incineration plant or collected in a landfill with an appropriate classification. Perfectly cleaned packaging can be recycled. The classification of waste may change depending on where it is generated.

#### Waste management legislation

Producer Responsibility Obligations (Packaging Waste) Regulations 2007 (S.I. No. 871 of 2007). Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 November 2008 on waste, as amended. Decision 2000/532/EC establishing a list of wastes, as amended.

### **SECTION 14:** Transport information

### 14.1. UN number or ID number

- UN 1950
- **14.2.** UN proper shipping name AEROSOLS
- 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 2 Gases

Page 12/18

	SAFET	Y DATA SHEET	<b>Mexler</b>
	according to Regulation	(EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) as a	
		STYROPUK DACH	
	on date 27th November 2023	Varsian	1.0
		Version	1.0
14.4.			
14.5.	not relevant Environmental hazards		
14.5.	Yes.		
14.6.	Special precautions for user		
	Reference in the Sections 4 to 8.		
14.7.	Maritime transport in bulk according to IM	10 instruments	
	not relevant		
	Additional information		
	Hazard identification No.		
	UN number	1950	
	Classification code	5F	
	Safety signs	2.1+hazardous for the enviro	onment
			>
		2	/
	Road transport - ADR	• •	
	Special provisions	190, 327, 344, 625	
	Limited quantities	1 L	
	Excepted quantities	EO	
	<b>Packaging</b> Packing instructions	P207, LP200	
	Special packing provisions	PP87, RR6, L2	
	Mixed packing provisions	MP9	
	Transport category	2	
	Tunnel restriction code	_ (D)	
	Special provision for	. /	
	packages	V14	
	loading, unloading and handling	CV9, CV12	
	operation	S2	
	Railway transport - RID		
	Special provisions	190, 327, 344, 625	
	Excepted quantities	EO	
	Packaging		
	Packing instructions	P207, LP200	
	Special packing provisions	PP87, RR6, L2	
	Mixed packing provisions Transport category	MP9 0	
	Special provision for	U	
	packages	W 14	
	loading, unloading and handling	CW 9, CW 12	
	Air transport - ICAO/IATA	,	
	Packaging instructions for limited amount	Y203	
	Packaging instructions passenger	203	
	Cargo packaging instructions	203	
	Marine transport - IMDG		
	EmS (emergency plan)	F-D, S-U	
	MFAG	620	



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended

## **NEXLER STYROPUK DACH**

Creation date Revision date

27th November 2023

Version

1.0

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Clean Air Act 1993 as amended. The Aerosol Dispensers (Amendment) Regulations 2018. The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 as amended. Public health act 1961. Environmental Protection Act 1990 as amended. Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18th December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing the European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EC) No. 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No. 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC, as amended. REGULATION (EC) No. 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL as amended. Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH).

## Restrictions pursuant to Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), as amended

methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Restriction	Conditions of restriction
56	<ol> <li>Shall not be placed on the market after 27 December 2010, as a constituent of mixtures in concentrations equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight of MDI for supply to the general public, unless suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging:         <ul> <li>(a) contains protective gloves which comply with the requirements of Council Directive 89/686/EEC (*******);</li> <li>(b) is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly as follows, and without prejudice to other Community legislation concerning the classification, packaging and labelling of substances and mixtures:</li> <li>" – Persons already sensitised to diisocyanates may develop allergic reactions when using this product.</li> <li>– Persons suffering from asthma, eczema or skin problems should avoid contact, including dermal</li> </ul> </li> </ol>
	contact, with this product. — This product should not be used under conditions of poor ventilation unless a protective mask with an appropriate gas filter (i.e. type A1 according to standard EN 14387) is used."
	2. By way of derogation, paragraph 1(a) shall not apply to hot melt adhesives.
74	<ol> <li>Shall not be used as substances on their own, as a constituent in other substances or in mixtures for industrial and professional use(s) after 24 August 2023, unless:         <ul> <li>(a) the concentration of diisocyanates individually and in combination is less than 0,1 % by weight,</li> </ul> </li> </ol>
	or (b) the employer or self-employed ensures that industrial or professional user(s) have successfully completed training on the safe use of diisocyanates prior to the use of the substance(s) or mixture (s).
	<ol> <li>Shall not be placed on the market as substances on their own, as a constituent in other substances or in mixtures for industrial and professional use(s) after 24 February 2022, unless:</li> <li>(a) the concentration of diisocyanates individually and in combination is less than 0,1 % by weight, or</li> </ol>
	<ul> <li>(b) the supplier ensures that the recipient of the substance(s) or mixture(s) is provided with information on the requirements referred to in point (b) of paragraph 1 and the following statement is placed on the packaging, in a manner that is visibly distinct from the rest of the label information: "As from 24 August 2023 adequate training is required before industrial or professional use".</li> <li>3. For the purpose of this entry "industrial and professional user(s)" means any worker or self-employed worker handling diisocyanates on their own, as a constituent in other substances or in mixtures for industrial and professional use(s) or supervising these tasks.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>4. The training referred to in point (b) of paragraph 1 shall include the instructions for the control of dermal and inhalation exposure to diisocyanates at the workplace without prejudice to any national occupational exposure limit value or other appropriate risk management measures at national level. Such training shall be conducted by an expert on occupational safety and health with competence acquired by relevant vocational training. That training shall cover as a minimum:</li> <li>(a) the training elements in point (a) of paragraph 5 for all industrial and professional use(s).</li> <li>(b) the training elements in points (a) and (b) of paragraph 5 for the following uses:</li> <li>– handling open mixtures at ambient temperature (including foam tunnels);</li> <li>– spraying in a ventilated booth;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>application by roller;</li> <li>application by brush;</li> <li>application by dipping and pouring;</li> <li>mechanical post treatment (e.g. cutting) of not fully cured articles which are not warm anymore;</li> <li>cleaning and waste;</li> </ul>



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended

## NEXLER STYROPUK DACH

Creation date Revision date

Restriction

27th November 2023

methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Conditions of restriction

Version

1.0

ĺ	—	any other uses with similar exposure through the dermal and/or inhalation route;
	(c)	the training elements in points (a), (b) and (c) of paragraph 5 for the following uses:
	-	handling incompletely cured articles (e.g. freshly cured, still warm);
		foundry applications;
		maintenance and repair that needs access to equipment;
		open handling of warm or hot formulations (> 45 °C);
		spraying in open air, with limited or only natural ventilation (includes large industry working halls)
		d spraying with high energy (e.g. foams, elastomers);
		and any other uses with similar exposure through the dermal and/or inhalation route.
		Training elements:
		) general training, including on-line training, on:
		chemistry of diisocyanates;
		toxicity hazards (including acute toxicity);
		exposure to diisocyanates;
		occupational exposure limit values;
		how sensitisation can develop;
		odour as indication of hazard;
		importance of volatility for risk;
		viscosity, temperature, and molecular weight of diisocyanates;
		personal hygiene;
		personal protective equipment needed, including practical instructions for its correct use and its
		itations;
		risk of dermal contact and inhalation exposure; risk in relation to application process used;
		skin and inhalation protection scheme;
		ventilation;
		cleaning, leakages, maintenance;
		discarding empty packaging;
		protection of bystanders;
		identification of critical handling stages;
		specific national code systems (if applicable);
		behaviour-based safety;
		certification or documented proof that training has been successfully completed
		) intermediate level training, including on-line training, on:
		additional behaviour-based aspects;
		maintenance;
		management of change;
		evaluation of existing safety instructions;
	—	risk in relation to application process used;
	-	certification or documented proof that training has been successfully completed
		advanced training, including on-line training, on:
		any additional certification needed for the specific uses covered;
		spraying outside a spraying booth;
	—	open handling of hot or warm formulations (> 45 °C);
		certification or documented proof that training has been successfully completed
		The training shall comply with the provisions set by the Member State in which the industrial or
		ofessional user(s) operate. Member States may implement or continue to apply their own national
		quirements for the use of the substance(s) or mixture(s), as long as the minimum requirements
		t out in paragraphs 4 and 5 are met.
		The supplier referred to in point (b) of paragraph 2 shall ensure that the recipient is provided with
		ining material and courses pursuant to paragraphs 4 and 5 in the official language(s) of the
		ember State(s) where the substance(s) or mixture(s) are supplied. The training shall take into
		nsideration the specificity of the products supplied, including composition, packaging, and design.
		The employer or self-employed shall document the successful completion of the training referred
		in paragraphs 4 and 5. The training shall be renewed at least every five years.
		Member States shall include in their reports pursuant to Article 117(1) the following information:
		) any established training requirements and other risk management measures related to the
		lustrial and professional uses of diisocyanates foreseen in national law;
		the number of cases of reported and recognised occupational asthma and occupational respiratory
		d dermal diseases in relation to diisocyanates; national exposure limits for diisocyanates, if there are any;
I	[(C)	national exposure littles for unsocyatiates, if there are any,



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended

# **NEXLER STYROPUK DACH**

Creation date Revision date 27th November 2023

Version

1.0

Restriction	Conditions of restriction
	(d) information about enforcement activities related to this restriction. 10. This restriction shall apply without prejudice to other Union legislation on the protection of safety and health of workers at the workplace.

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out (mixture).

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

A list of standard risk phrase	es used in the safety data sheet
H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229	Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H362	May cause harm to breast-fed children.
H373	May cause damage to the respiratory system through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Guidelines for safe handling	used in the safety data sheet
P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P260	Do not breathe gas/vapours.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P410+P412	Protect from sunlight. Do no expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C.
P501	Dispose of contents/container to by disposing in a hazardous waste receptacle.
A list of additional standard	phrases used in the safety data sheet
EUH204	Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Other important information	about human health protection
	ess specifically approved by the manufacturer/importer - used for purposes other than is responsible for adherence to all related health protection regulations.
•	ronyms used in the safety data sheet
ADR	European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road
BCF	Bioconcentration Factor
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended

## **NEXLER STYROPUK DACH**

Creation date	27th November 2023			
Revision date		Version	1.0	
CLP	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substance and mixtures			
EC	Identification code for e	each substance liste	ed in EINECS	
EC₅o	Concentration of a substance when it is affected 50% of the population			
EINECS	European Inventory of	Existing Commercia	al Chemical Substances	
ELso	Effective Loading for 50	-		
EmS	Emergency plan		<u></u>	
EU	European Union			
EuPCS	European Product Cate	gorisation System		
IATA	International Air Transport Association			
IBC	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		nd Equipment of Ships Carrying	
ICAO	International Civil Aviat	tion Organization		
IMDG	International Maritime	-		
IMO	International Maritime	-		
INCI	International Nomencla	-	gredients	
ISO		International Organization for Standardization		
IUPAC	International Union of I			
LC50	Lethal concentration of a substance in which it can be expected death of 50% of the population			
LD50	Lethal dose of a substa population	nce in which it can	be expected death of 50% of the	
LL50	Lethal Loading for 50%	o of tested organism	IS	
LOAEC	Lowest observed adver	se effect concentrat	tion	
log Kow	Octanol-water partition	coefficient		
NOAEC	No observed adverse e	ffect concentration		
NOAEL	No observed adverse e	ffect level		
NOEC	No observed effect con-	centration		
OEL	Occupational Exposure	Limits		
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumula	ative and Toxic		
ppm	Parts per million			
Press. Gas (Comp.)	Gas under pressure: co	mpressed gas		
Press. Gas (Diss.)	Gas under pressure: di	ssolved gas		
Press. Gas (Liq.)	Gas under pressure: lic	juefied gas		
Press. Gas (Ref. Liq.)	Gas under pressure: re	frigerated liquefied	gas	
REACH	Registration, Evaluation	n, Authorisation and	Restriction of Chemicals	
RID	Agreement on the trans	sport of dangerous	goods by rail	
UN	Four-figure identificatio Model Regulations	Four-figure identification number of the substance or article taken from the UN Model Regulations		
UVCB	Substances of unknowr biological materials	ו or variable compo	sition, complex reaction products or	
VOC	Volatile organic compo			
vPvB	Very Persistent and ver	ry Bioaccumulative		
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity			
Aerosol	Aerosol			
Aquatic Acute	Hazardous to the aquat	tic environment		
Aquatic Chronic	Hazardous to the aquat	tic environment (ch	ronic)	
Carc.	Carcinogenicity			
Eye Irrit.	Eye irritation			
Flam. Gas	Flammable gas			
Lact.	Lactation			
Press. Gas	Gases under pressure	Gases under pressure		
Resp. Sens.	Respiratory sensitization	Respiratory sensitization		
Skin Irrit.	Skin irritation			
Skin Sens.	Skin sensitization	Skin sensitization		



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended

## **NEXLER STYROPUK DACH**

Creation date Revision date

STOT RE

STOT SE

1.0

Version

27th November 2023

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

#### **Training guidelines**

Inform the personnel about the recommended ways of use, mandatory protective equipment, first aid and prohibited ways of handling the product.

#### **Recommended restrictions of use**

not available

#### Information about data sources used to compile the Safety Data Sheet

REGULATION (EC) No. 1907/2006 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL (REACH) as amended. REGULATION (EC) No. 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL as amended. Data from the manufacturer of the substance / mixture, if available - information from registration dossiers.

#### More information

Classification procedure - calculation method.

### Statement

The safety data sheet provides information aimed at ensuring safety and health protection at work and environmental protection. The provided information corresponds to the current status of knowledge and experience and complies with valid legal regulations. The information should not be understood as guaranteeing the suitability and usability of the product for a particular application.